Contour lines are used to denote elevation above sea level. These lines are drawn at even multiples of a fixed interval, usually 20 feet in this map. The spacing between contour lines indicates the steepness of the slope: closely spaced lines indicate a steep slope, while widely spaced lines indicate a gentle slope. valleys of noticeable relief will form a V-shaped deflection in these contour lines. Contour lines that cross streams flowing through valleys of noticeable relief will form a V-shaped deflection in these contour lines.

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DATA SOURCES
LiDAR data for the year 2000. This information is only suitable for general planning and informational purposes. The Connecticut LiDAR data for the year 2000 is captured ground elevation every 20 feet at building, or design purposes. The Connecticut LiDAR data for the year 2000 is captured ground elevation every 20 feet at building, or design purposes. The Connecticut LiDAR data for the year 2000 is captured ground elevation every 20 feet at building, or design purposes. The Connecticut LiDAR data for the year 2000 is captured ground elevation every 20 feet at building, or design purposes. The Connecticut LiDAR data for the year 2000 is captured ground elevation every 20 feet at building, or design purposes.

STREET DATA - Based on TeleAtlas copyrighted street data. The University of Connecticut, Center for Land Use Education and Research (CLEAR) created a statewide collection of ground elevation data. This resulted in data gaps that affect the overall accuracy and appropriate use of derived data products such as these contour lines. With this information, a general sense of the lay of the land can be ascertained. Gentle slopes are characterized by widely spaced contour lines, while steep slopes are represented by closely spaced contour lines. Contour lines that cross streams flowing through valleys of noticeable relief will form a V-shaped deflection with the apex of the V pointing upstream.

BASE MAP DATA - All data is based on 1:24,000 scale topographic maps. The University of Connecticut, Center for Land Use Education and Research (CLEAR) created a statewide collection of ground elevation data. This resulted in data gaps that affect the overall accuracy and appropriate use of derived data products such as these contour lines. With this information, a general sense of the lay of the land can be ascertained. Gentle slopes are characterized by widely spaced contour lines, while steep slopes are represented by closely spaced contour lines. Contour lines that cross streams flowing through valleys of noticeable relief will form a V-shaped deflection with the apex of the V pointing upstream.

For unknown reasons, data was collected unevenly in some areas. This resulted in data gaps that affect the overall accuracy and appropriate use of derived data products such as these contour lines. With this information, a general sense of the lay of the land can be ascertained. Gentle slopes are characterized by widely spaced contour lines, while steep slopes are represented by closely spaced contour lines. Contour lines that cross streams flowing through valleys of noticeable relief will form a V-shaped deflection with the apex of the V pointing upstream.