The tidal stage was +/- 1 hour of the predicted low tide. Since it was on six different days between June 15th and September 15th, 2005, when Massachusetts State line. Color infrared photography, often called "false color" is useful for interpreting natural resources. The data was collected on a different day between June 18th and September 13th, 2005, when the tidal stage was +/- 1 hour of the predicted low tide. Since it was collected during the growing season, the data is categorized as "false color" infrared photography to reflect vegetation changes over time features. The 2005 orthophotography has a ground resolution of 1 foot (0.305 meter) per image pixel. Additional GIS data displayed includes roads, railroads, railroads, educational facilities, parks, parks, and town boundaries. Important geographic locations and natural features are labeled. The location and shape of features in the GIS layers may not exactly match information shown on the aerial photography primarily due to differences in spatial accuracy and data collection dates.

DATA SOURCES

ORTHOPHOTOGRAPHY - Imagery, compiled by James W. Reed Co. and published by the DEP Office of the Land Health Program.
BASE MAP DATA - All data is based on 1:24,000 scale and displays geographic names, places and features that are intended for interpretation. Base map data is subject to interpretation.
GIS DATA - This data is subject to interpretation. Base map data is subject to interpretation.
MAPS AND DIGITAL DATA - Visualize the CT GIS website for this map and a variety of others in PDF format. Visit the CT GIS website to download this base map digital spatial data shown on this map.