







LIST OF MAP UNITS

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| Explanation of Map Symbols | Elevation Contours |
|  Area of glaciofluvial deposits grading to glacial lake |  100 Ft. Interval |
|  Area of lake-bottom sediments |  50 Ft. Interval |
| Drainage Divide -- Boundary between major geologic basins. | |
|  Drainage Divide -- Boundary within major geologic basin dividing (1) into north-drainage and south-drainage regions | |
| |  Radiocarbon-Dated Locality |

Quaternary Geology is 1:24,000-scale data that illustrates the geological features formed in Connecticut during the Quaternary Period, which spans from 2,588 ± 0.005 million years ago to the present and includes the Pleistocene (glacial) and Holocene (postglacial) Epochs. The Quaternary Period has been a time of development of many depositional and erosional landforms and deposits. The Quaternary Period includes the Pleistocene, continental ice sheets spread across Connecticut from the north. Their effects are of pervasive importance to present-day occupants of the land.

The Connecticut Quaternary Geology information was initially compiled at 1:24,000 scale (1 inch = 2,000 feet) then recompiled for a statewide 1:125,000-scale map. Quaternary Geology Maps of Connecticut and Long Island Sound Basin. A companion map, the Surficial Materials Map of Connecticut, emphasizes the surface and subsurface geologic information. The Quaternary geology and surficial material features portrayed on these two maps are very closely related, each contributes to the interpretation of the other.

Particular attention has been paid to understanding the distribution and characteristics of stratified meltwater deposits because they have historically influenced development patterns and groundwater availability throughout the state. Within the meltwater class, six classes of deposits have been recognized based on the conditions that existed during their emplacement. Four of the seven classes are previously deposited sediment, or the glacier itself, inundated the lake or pond where emplacement occurred (see the meltwater deposit discussion below). Meltwater stream deposits are subdivided into three types: (1) proximal or (2) marginal ice sheet deposits, and (3) distal ice sheet deposits. The remaining two classes are meltwater deposits that were emplaced, and as a separate meltwater unit is reserved for deposits of undetermined provenance (unclassified).

accompanies the Quaternary Geology Map of Connecticut and Long Island Sound Basin.

| North | Delta | South |
|-------------------------|-------|------------|
| Ice Contact (colluvial) | | Ice Bottom |

Figure 1: A morphosequence is a body of meltwater deposits composed of a continuum of land forms, grading from ice-contact forms (eskers, kames) to non-ice-contact forms (flat valley terrace, delta plains), that were deposited simultaneously at and beyond the margin of a glacier, graded to a specific base level. Grain-size decreases from coarse gravel at ice-contact beds, through sand and gravel and sand beneath delta plains and foreset slopes to silt and clay in lake-bottom deposits (after Stone and others, 2005).

Narrow Basin

Wide Basin

Figure 2: Scenario for morphosequence development in ice-dammed (Top) and sediment-dammed basins (Bottom). The mechanism of impoundment and the chronological and topographic positions of the deposits are related to the orientation of the basins relative to the direction of ice retreat. These relationships are reflected in the organization and color coding of the List of Map Units (after Stone and others, 2005).

Postglacial deposits provide locally important ecological, agricultural, commercial, and recreational resources. The fertile, level, and well-drained nature of the floodplains has made them attractive for agriculture and development related to water-dependent commerce.

QUATERNARY GEOLOGY DATA – Quaternary geology shown on this map are from the Quaternary Geology Poly, Point Feature, and Line Feature dataset intended to be used at 1:24,000 scale. Based on Connecticut Quaternary Geology digital spatial data published in 2005 by the U.S. Geological Survey, in cooperation with the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection. These data were digitized from the 1:24,000 scale compilation sheets prepared for the Connecticut Quaternary Geology Map of Connecticut, shown J.R. Schaller, Jr., London, E.H., D'Giacomo, Cohen, M. L., Lewis R.S. and Thompson, W.B., 2005, U.S. Geological Survey special map 2 sheets, scale 1:125,000.

RELATED INFORMATION
This map is intended to be printed at its original dimensions, (48 x 36 in), in order to maintain the 1:24,000 scale (1 inch = 2,000 feet).

QUATERNARY GEOLOGY AND SURFICIAL MATERIALS DATA – 1:24,000-scale digital spatial data of Connecticut Quaternary Geology and Surficial Materials combined into one dataset, published by the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection, in cooperation with the U.S. Geological Survey. These data were digitized from the 1:24,000-scale compilation sheets prepared for both the

CONTOUR DATA - Derived from Connecticut's 2000 statewide LIDAR, (Light Detection And Ranging) dataset by the University of Connecticut, College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, Department of Natural Resources and the Connecticut Department of Transportation, Office of Geomatics Engineering and Surveying. NOTE: Contour line data is known to be incorrect in some areas due to errors in the underlying data. These errors are most likely to occur in urban areas. Lines where contour lines are too straight or angular, do not naturally curve where expected, or don't exist where they probably should be good indications of erroneous data.

MAP LOCATION


0 0.25 0.5 1 1.5 2 Miles

0 1.25 2.50 4.00 6.75 9.00 Feet

0 0.25 0.5 1 1.5 2 Kilometers


SCALE 1:24,000 (1 inch = 2,000 feet) when map is printed at original size (48 x 36 in)

State Plane Coordinate System of 1983, Zone 3526
Lambert Conformal Conic Projection
North American Datum of 1983


 STATE OF CONNECTICUT
 DEPARTMENT OF
 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
 79 Elm Street
 Hartford, CT 06106-5127

Map created by CT DEP
 December 2010

Map is not colorfast
 Protect from light and moisture


 USGS
science for a changing world

OTHER GEOLOGIC MAPS - This map is also available for individual USGS topographic quadrangles of Connecticut. This map is intended to be used with other bedrock, surficial, and quaternary (glacial) geology town maps and reports published by the Connecticut Geological and Natural History Survey, USGS, and others. Those maps and reports are also available from CT DEP.

MAPS AND DIGITAL DATA - Go to the CT ECO website for this map and a variety of others. Go to the CT DEP website for the digital spatial data shown on this map.

MAP LOCATION

2 Miles

State Plane Coordinate System of 1983, Zone 3506
Lambert Conformal Conic Projection
North American Datum of 1983

