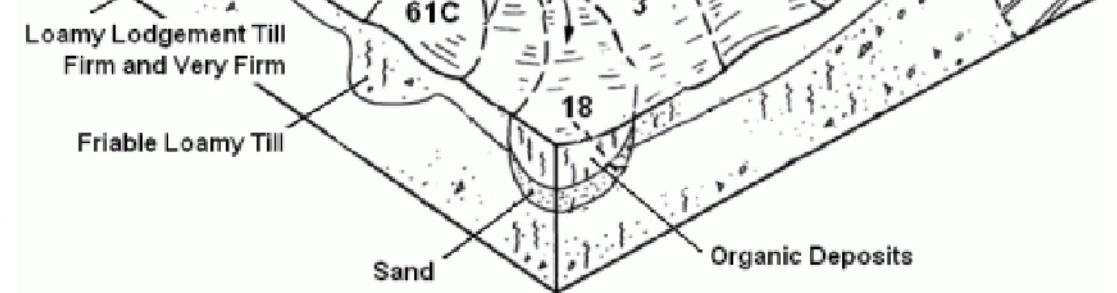


Map Unit	Map Unit	Map Unit
900	900	900
901	901	901
902	902	902
903	903	903
904	904	904
905	905	905
906	906	906
907	907	907
908	908	908
909	909	909
910	910	910
911	911	911
912	912	912
913	913	913
914	914	914
915	915	915
916	916	916
917	917	917
918	918	918
919	919	919
920	920	920
921	921	921
922	922	922
923	923	923
924	924	924
925	925	925
926	926	926
927	927	927
928	928	928
929	929	929
930	930	930
931	931	931
932	932	932
933	933	933
934	934	934
935	935	935
936	936	936
937	937	937
938	938	938
939	939	939
940	940	940
941	941	941
942	942	942
943	943	943
944	944	944
945	945	945
946	946	946
947	947	947
948	948	948
949	949	949
950	950	950
951	951	951
952	952	952
953	953	953
954	954	954
955	955	955
956	956	956
957	957	957
958	958	958
959	959	959
960	960	960
961	961	961
962	962	962
963	963	963
964	964	964
965	965	965
966	966	966
967	967	967
968	968	968
969	969	969
970	970	970
971	971	971
972	972	972
973	973	973
974	974	974
975	975	975
976	976	976
977	977	977
978	978	978
979	979	979
980	980	980
981	981	981
982	982	982
983	983	983
984	984	984
985	985	985
986	986	986
987	987	987
988	988	988
989	989	989
990	990	990
991	991	991
992	992	992
993	993	993
994	994	994
995	995	995
996	996	996
997	997	997
998	998	998
999	999	999
1000	1000	1000
1001	1001	1001
1002	1002	1002
1003	1003	1003
1004	1004	1004
1005	1005	1005
1006	1006	1006
1007	1007	1007
1008	1008	1008
1009	1009	1009
1010	1010	1010
1011	1011	1011
1012	1012	1012
1013	1013	1013
1014	1014	1014
1015	1015	1015
1016	1016	1016
1017	1017	1017
1018	1018	1018
1019	1019	1019
1020	1020	1020
1021	1021	1021
1022	1022	1022
1023	1023	1023
1024	1024	1024
1025	1025	1025
1026	1026	1026
1027	1027	1027
1028	1028	1028
1029	1029	1029
1030	1030	1030
1031	10	

[illegible]

Soils occur in a repeating and recognizable pattern on the landscape. Soil maps are made by separating the landscape into map units. Each soil map

Soils occur in a repeating and recognizable pattern on the landscape. Soil maps are made by separating the landscape into map units. Each soil map unit differs in some respect from all others in a survey area and is uniquely identified on a soil map. A soil map unit represents an area dominated by one or three major soil components. They are usually a named soil series (i.e. Paxton or Canton), but can also be a miscellaneous area (i.e. Rock Outcrop or Urban Land), and potentially many minor components both similar and dissimilar. For example, soil map unit 75C Holtsville-Rock outcrop complex, contains 35% Holtsville, 30% Chaffin, 15% Rock outcrop. The other 20% may include soil series Charlton, Leicester, Sutton, Brimfield, an unnamed soil with sandy subsoil, and an unnamed soil with red parent material.



The soil map unit symbol is the key to indentifying the multitude of descriptions, properties, interpretations, reports and ratings that are included in the soil survey. Some of the most requested interpretations are available from CT ECO, such as Farmland Soils, Connecticut Inland Wetland Soils, Soil Storm Water Management ratings, and others.

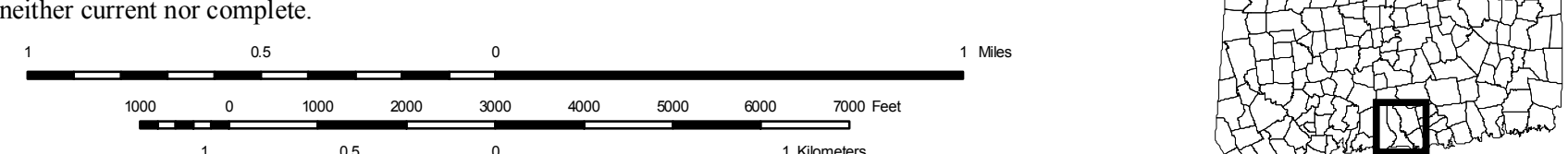
SOIL DATA - Soil map units shown on this map are from the 2007 Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO) database produced by the USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). The soils were mapped at a scale of 1:12,000 with a minimum size delineation of three acres. Enlargement of this map beyond the original source scale will not show additional detail and can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping. For the most recent soils data contact the NRCS.

BASE MAP DATA - Based on data originally from 1:24,000-scale USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle maps published between 1969 and 1992. It includes political boundaries, railroads, airports, hydrography, geographic names and geographic places. Streets and street names are from Tele Atlas copyrighted data. Base map information is neither current nor complete.

RELATED INFORMATION
This map is intended to be printed at its original dimensions in order to maintain the 1:24,000 scale (1 inch = 2000 feet).

RELATED INFORMATION
This map is intended to be printed at its original dimensions in order to maintain the 1:24,000 scale (1 inch = 2000 feet).

MAPS AND DIGITAL DATA - Visit the CT ECO website for this map and a variety of others. Visit the NRCS soils website for the soils data shown on this map. Visit the CT DEP website to download the base map digital spatial data shown on this map.



State Plane Coordinate System of 1983, Zone 35
Lambert Conformal Conic Projection
North American Datum of 1983



NRCS Natural Resource Conservation Service


ENRES Service



STATE OF CONNECTICUT
DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
79 Elm Street
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

Map created by CT DEP
October 2009
Map is not colorfast
Protect from light and moisture

U.S. Department of Agriculture



Natural Resources Conservation Service