Water is removed slowly so that the soil is poorly drained. Drainage classes are from observations of water movement and the degree of flooding. Alterations of the water regime by human activities, either natural or agricultural, may significantly change the water regime of a soil. This map does not indicate current or past changes which may alter the water regime.

**DATA SOURCES**

The soils and water regimes were mapped using a combination of aerial photography, soil samples, and topographic information. Specific data sources include:

- **Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO)**, US Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)
- **National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP)**, US Department of Agriculture, National Agricultural Imagery Program
- **Topographic data** from the USGS (US Geological Survey)

**NRCS**

The NRCS, within the US Department of Agriculture, is the data provider for soil information. The NRCS develops and maintains soil survey information for the United States, which is used by a variety of agencies and organizations for land management, conservation, and planning. This map is one of many that NRCS produces to help inform and guide land management decisions.