Glaciolacustrine material is deposited during placid waters in large lakes, such as those in the Adirondack Park, between 1969 and 1992. It includes political boundaries, railroads, airports, and other features. The Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO) database produced by the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle maps published between 1969 and 1992 is used to create this map.

The soil surveyor uses parent material to develop a model used for decision-making. Mode of deposition and/or source of material and the type of parent material determine the mode of origin and are important in understanding the history of the area. These materials are significant for overall understanding of the history of the area and provide insight into the processes that have shaped the landscape.

The soil surveyor uses soil map units to create a model for decision-making. Mode of deposition and/or source of material and the type of parent material determine the mode of origin and are important in understanding the history of the area. These materials are significant for overall understanding of the history of the area and provide insight into the processes that have shaped the landscape.

Soil map units shown on this map are from the 2007 Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO) database produced by the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle maps published between 1969 and 1992.

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