These soils have significant limitations that can be easily overcome using corrective measures needed to overcome the concerns.

**Very Low Potential**
These soils have moderate to severe limitations, such as depth to bedrock or severe slope, that require major site design and/or expensive treatments. These soils are suitable for land uses requiring shallow foundations, low percolation rate, and low depth to bedrock. However, they are generally not suitable for residential uses without additional investigation, engineering, and/or construction. These soils can be improved sufficiently in some cases with excavation.

**Low Potential**
These soils have better characteristics than those with very low potentials, but not to the extent necessary for residential uses. They are suitable for land uses requiring shallow foundations, low percolation rate, and low depth to bedrock. However, they are generally not suitable for residential uses without additional investigation, engineering, and/or construction. These soils can be improved sufficiently in some cases with excavation.

**Medium Potential**
These soils have significant limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require major site design and/or expensive treatments. These soils are suitable for land uses requiring shallow foundations, low percolation rate, and low depth to bedrock. However, they are generally not suitable for residential uses without additional investigation, engineering, and/or construction. These soils can be improved sufficiently in some cases with excavation.

**High Potential**
These soils have very significant limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require major site design and/or expensive treatments. These soils are generally not suitable for residential uses without additional investigation, engineering, and/or construction. These soils can be improved sufficiently in some cases with excavation.

**Very High Potential**
These soils have severe limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require major site design and/or expensive treatments. These soils are generally not suitable for residential uses without additional investigation, engineering, and/or construction. These soils cannot be improved sufficiently in any case.

**Open Water**
These areas are not suitable for residential uses. They are generally not suitable for any land uses requiring shallow foundations, low percolation rate, and low depth to bedrock.

**State Boundary**
These areas are not suitable for residential uses. They are generally not suitable for any land uses requiring shallow foundations, low percolation rate, and low depth to bedrock.

**State Highway**
These areas are not suitable for residential uses. They are generally not suitable for any land uses requiring shallow foundations, low percolation rate, and low depth to bedrock.

**Highway Ramp**
These areas are not suitable for residential uses. They are generally not suitable for any land uses requiring shallow foundations, low percolation rate, and low depth to bedrock.

**Railroad**
These areas are not suitable for residential uses. They are generally not suitable for any land uses requiring shallow foundations, low percolation rate, and low depth to bedrock.