These soils have the concerns and corrective measures, it is necessary to know the complexes or miscellaneous areas. An onsite health code regulations.

High Potential: These soils have the most severe limitations that can be easily overcome using standard installation practices.

Medium Potential: These soils have moderate limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require additional design and installation practices, but may be acceptable under appropriate conditions.

Low Potential: These soils have minor limitations, such as gas production and depth to bedrock, that may be overcome with standard installation practices.

Very Low Potential: These soils have minimal limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require minor adjustments in design and installation practices, but do not warrant special considerations.

Extremely Low Potential: These soils have multiple minor limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require significant modifications in design and installation practices, but may be acceptable under appropriate conditions.

Very High Risk: These soils have severe limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require design and installation practices that are not commonly used.

High Risk: These soils have moderate limitations, such as gas production and depth to bedrock, that require design and installation practices that are not commonly used.

Low Risk: These soils have minor limitations, such as gas production and depth to bedrock, that require minimal modifications in design and installation practices.

Very Low Risk: These soils have minimal limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require no special considerations.

Extremely Low Risk: These soils have no limitations that require special considerations.

Open Water
River, Stream, Swamp
Town Boundary
State Boundary
County Boundary
Interstate Highway
US Route Highway
State Route Highway
Highway Ramp
Loud Road

EXPLANATION

This soil potential map may be a useful guide for determining the suitability of certain lands for the design and installation of a SSDS. However, it is important to note that the general public should not rely on this map alone to make decisions about the use of land. Additional information and consultation with a qualified professional is necessary to determine the suitability of a site for a SSDS.

HOW TO USE THIS MAP

While this map shows the rating potential for SSDS, it is important to consult with a qualified professional before making a final decision about the use of land. This map is intended to be used as a general guide and should not be used as a substitute for a detailed engineering study.

DATA SOURCES

The data used to create this map was obtained from the following sources:

- Connecticut Soil Conservation Districts
- State of Connecticut
- U.S. Department of Agriculture
- U.S. Geological Survey

This map is intended to be printed at its original dimensions in design and installation of a SSDS. Location without on-site investigation for design and installation.

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