

POTENTIAL FOR SUBSURFACE SEWAGE DISPOSAL

OLD LYME, CONNECTICUT

LEGEND

High Potential - These soils have the best combination of characteristics or may have limitations that can be easily overcome using standard installation practices.

Medium Potential - These soils have significant limitations, such as low percolation rate, that are generally overcome using commonly applied designs.

Low Potential - These soils have one or more limitations, such as low percolation rate and depth to seasonal high water table, that require extensive design and site preparation to overcome.

Very Low Potential - These soils have to overcome major soil limitations, such as depth to bedrock, that require extensive design and site preparation. A permit for a Subsurface Disposal System (SSDS) may not be issued unless the naturally occurring soils meet the minimal requirements outlined in the state health code. It is unlikely these soils can be improved sufficiently to meet state health code regulations.

Extremely Low Potential - These soils have multiple major limitations, such as flooding and depth to seasonal high water table, which are extremely difficult to overcome. A permit for a SSDS may not be issued unless the naturally occurring soils meet the minimal requirements outlined in the state health code. It is unlikely these soils can be improved sufficiently to meet state health code regulations.

Not Rated soils have characteristics that show extreme variability from one location to another. The work needed to overcome adverse soil properties cannot be estimated. Often these areas are urban land complexes or miscellaneous areas. An onsite investigation is required to determine soil conditions

Open Water

River, Brook, Stream

Town Boundary

State Boundary

County Boundary

Interstate Highway

US Route Highway

State Route Highway

Highway Ramp

Local Road

Railroad

EXPLANATION

This soil potential ratings map may be used as a guide for general planning purposes to determine the relative suitability of soils for installing a single family residence subsurface disposal system (SSDS), commonly referred to as a septic tank leaching field and groundwater control system. While Connecticut has no state health code regulations, all potential ratings are relative to indicate the relative quality of a soil for a particular use compared to other soils in a given area. The special requirements identified to overcome soil limitations

are a guide to planning and are not to be applied at a specific location without on-site investigation for design and installation. This interpretation focuses mainly on the septic tank leaching field and groundwater control system.

As the minimum size delineation is approximately 3 acres, this map does not show all the soils which could potentially affect the design and installation of a SSDS.

HOW TO USE THIS MAP

Systems Single Family Residences (available at CT NRCS website) will show the evaluation criteria, the ratings, and the corrective measures needed to overcome the concerns. The document *Soil Potential Ratings - Subsurface Disposal*

While this map shows the rating potentials for SSDS to understand the concerns and corrective measures, it is necessary to know the Map Unit Symbol which can be determined from the Soils Map. The document *Soil Potential Ratings - Subsurface Disposal*

DATA SOURCES

SOIL DATA - Soil map units shown on this map are from the 2007 Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO) database produced by the USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). The soils were mapped at a scale of 1:12,000 with a minimum size delineation of three acres. Enlargement of this map beyond the original source scale will not show additional detail and can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping. For the most recent soils data contact the NRCS.

hydrography, geographic names and geographic places. Streets and street names are from Tele Atlas copyrighted data. Base map information is neither current nor complete.

RELATED INFORMATION

This map is intended to be printed at its original dimensions in order to maintain the 1:24,000 scale (1 inch = 2000 feet).

MAPS AND DIGITAL DATA - Visit the CT ECO website for this map and a variety of others. Visit the NRCS soils website for the soils data shown on this map. Visit the CT DEP website to download the base map digital spatial data shown on this map.

BASE MAP DATA - Based on data originally from 1:24,000-scale USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle maps published between 1969 and 1992. It includes political boundaries, railroads, airports,

