CONNECTICUT INLAND WETLAND SOILS
BOZRAH, CONNECTICUT

LEGEND

Poorly Drained and Two-Partly Drained soils. Poorly drained soils are soils where the water table is close to the ground surface, generally occur on land that is sloping gently, or are areas that are seasonally wet. Poorly drained soils generally occur on land used as in farming, for forest, or as open space.

Hydrography, roads, and major land use areas are shown on the map.

DATA SOURCES

USDA-NRCS. Soil map data as of December 2003.

Hydrography, geographic names and geographic places from the USGS database.

Open Plains
River, Brook, Stream
Open Water
US Route Highway
State Hwy 16
State Hwy 207
Route 82

EXPLANATION

The map information is used to support decision making and planning and it is also used to fulfill federal, state and local regulations. The map includes soils information that is used to support soil conservation, wetland delineation, and planning decisions. The information is based on the USDA-NRCS soil map for the region.

The map provides information on the soil types present in the region, their characteristics, and their distribution. The map includes information on soil types such as poorly drained, slightly poorly drained, and moderately drained. The map also includes information on the hydrography and geographic names of the region.

The map is useful for planning decisions, such as land use planning and wetland delineation, and it is used to support soil conservation efforts. The map is also used to fulfill federal, state, and local regulations that require soil information to be included in planning and decision making.

The map is available for download from the USDA-NRCS website. The map can be searched by location or by soil type. The map is available in PDF format and can be downloaded for free. The map is also available on CD-ROM and can be purchased for a fee.

The map is a valuable resource for planning decisions, soil conservation, and wetland delineation. The map is used by federal, state, and local agencies, as well as by private landowners, to make informed decisions about land use and conservation.