investigations; in some cases locations have been derived from the Environmental Protection (DEEP) webpage.

LEGEND
- State and Federal Listed Species
- Critical Habitat
- State Boundary
- County Boundary
- Town Boundary
- Intermittent Watercourse
- US Route
- State Route
- Ramp
- Street
- Ferry
- Railroad
- Watercourse
- Intermittent Watercourse
- Shore
- Drainage Ditch
- Dam
- Diked Channel
- Aqueduct
- Water
- Intermittent Water
- Fills
- Rocks
- Inundated Area
- Marsh
- Cranberry Bog
- Dam
- Fish Hatchery
- Aqueduct
- Sewage Pond
- Water Tank

EXPLANATION
This map depicts general location of rare and special biological habitats and areas in the town of Norwich, Connecticut. It is based on U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Geological Survey, and Connecticut State Forest Service data. The map location is not precise. It is recommended to contact the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) and the town for more details.

DATA SOURCES
- USGS Map Data: Based on data originally from U.S. Geological Survey, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection. The map is intended to depict the locations of rare and special biological habitats. For data sources, contact the DEEP.
- Connecticut State Forest Service: Based on data originally from Connecticut State Forest Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection. The map is intended to depict the locations of rare and special biological habitats. For data sources, contact the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection.

Use the CTDEP website (http://www.ct.gov/dep) to view digital habitat data and to view DEEP's digital natural habitat data.

Date of Map: December 2017

Natural Diversity Data Base Field Data:
For sources of information about rare and special habitats, contact the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection.

For data access:
www.ct.gov/dep/digitalmap

This map is intended to depict the locations of rare and special biological habitats. For data sources, contact the DEEP.